On page 512, between lines 7 and 8, insert the following:

SEC. 2621A. TRANSITION STRATEGY FOR THE INTERNATIONAL SPACE STATION.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 300 days after the date of the enactment of this division, the Administrator shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a strategy that—
- (1) describes the manner in which the Administration will ensure a stepwise transition to an eventual successor platform consistent with the ISS Transition Principles specified in the International Space Station Transition Report issued pursuant to section 50111(c)(2) of title 51, United States Code, on March 30, 2018;
- (2) includes capability-driven milestones and timelines leading to such a transition;
- (3) takes into account the importance of maintaining workforce expertise, core capabilities, and continuity at the centers of the Administration, including such centers that are primarily focused on human spaceflight;
- (4) considers how any transition described in paragraph (1) affects international and commercial partnerships;
- (5) presents opportunities for future engagement with—
 - (A) international partners;
- (B) countries with growing spaceflight capabilities, if such engagement is not precluded by other provisions of law;
- (C) the scientific community, including the microgravity research community;
- (D) the private sector; and
- (E) other United States Government users; and
- (6) promotes the continued economic development of low-Earth orbit.
- (b) IMPLEMENTATION PLAN.—The strategy required by subsection (a) shall include an implementation plan describing the manner in which the Administration plans to carry out such strategy.
- (c) REPORT.—Not less frequently than biennially, the Administrator shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report on the implementation of the strategy required by subsection (a).
- On page 523, line 8, strike "2626" and insert "2625".
- On page 526, line 16, strike "2626" and insert "2625".
- On page 527, line 11, strike "2627" and insert "2626"
- On page 535, between lines 15 and 16, insert the following:

SEC. 2628A. HUMAN SPACE FACILITIES IN AND BEYOND LOW-EARTH ORBIT.

- (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that human space facilities play a significant role in the long-term pursuit by the Administration of the exploration goals under section 202(a) of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration Authorization Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C. 18312(a)).
- (b) REPORT ON CREWED AND UNCREWED HUMAN SPACE FACILITIES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this division, the Administrator shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report on the potential development of 1 or more human space facilities.
- (2) CONTENTS.—With respect to the potential development of each human space facility referred to in paragraph (1), the report required under such paragraph shall include a description of the following:
- (A) The capacity of the human space facility to advance, enable, or complement human exploration of the solar system, including human exploration of the atmosphere and the surface of celestial bodies.
- (B) The role of the human space facility as a staging, logistics, and operations hub in exploration architecture.

- (C) The capacity of the human space facility to support the research, development, testing, validation, operation, and launch of space exploration systems and technologies.
- (D) The importance of workforce expertise and core capabilities at NASA centers, including NASA centers that are primarily focused on human spaceflight, in the development of structures and systems for each human space facility.
- (E) Opportunities and strategies for commercial operation or public-private partnerships with respect to the human space facility that protect taxpayer interests and foster competition.
- (F) The role of the human space facility in encouraging further crewed and uncrewed exploration investments.
- (G) The manner in which the development and maintenance of the International Space Station would reduce the cost of, and time necessary for, the development of the human space facility.

On page 551, strike lines 17 and 18 and insert the following:

2640(b)(2)(A) of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration Authorization Act of 2021.

On page 583, between lines 2 and 3, insert the following:

- (e) REPORT ON RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT RELATING TO LIFE-SUSTAINING TECHNICAL SYSTEMS AND PLAN FOR ACHIEVING POWER SUPPLY.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this division, the Administrator shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress—
- (1) a report on the research and development of the Administration relating to technical systems for the self-sufficient sustainment of life in and beyond low-Earth orbit; and
- (2) a 10-year plan for achieving a power supply on the Moon that includes—
- (A) a consideration of the resources necessary to accomplish such plan;
- (B) collaboration and input from industry and the Department of Energy;
- (C) the use of a variety of types of energy, including solar and nuclear; and
- (D) a detailed description of the resources necessary for the Administration to build a lunar power facility with human-tended maintenance requirements during the subsequent 10-year period.

SA 2115. Mr. SCHUMER (for Ms. CORTEZ MASTO) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1502, to make Federal law enforcement officer peer support communications confidential, and for other purposes; as follows:

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Confidentiality Opportunities for Peer Support Counseling Act" or the "COPS Counseling Act".

SEC. 2. CONFIDENTIALITY OF PEER SUPPORT COMMUNICATIONS.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY.—The term "law enforcement agency" means a Federal agency that employs a law enforcement officer.
- (2) LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER.—The term "law enforcement officer" has the meaning given the term "Federal law enforcement officer" in section 115 of title 18, United States Code.
- (3) PEER SUPPORT COMMUNICATION.—The term "peer support communication" includes—
- (A) an oral or written communication made in the course of a peer support counseling session;

- (B) a note or report arising out of a peer support counseling session;
- (C) a record of a peer support counseling session; or
- (D) with respect to a communication made by a peer support participant in the course of a peer support counseling session, another communication, regarding the first communication, that is made between a peer support specialist and—
 - (i) another peer support specialist;
- (ii) a staff member of a peer support counseling program; or
- (iii) a supervisor of the peer support specialist.
- (4) PEER SUPPORT COUNSELING PROGRAM.— The term "peer support counseling program" means a program provided by a law enforcement agency that provides counseling services from a peer support specialist to a law enforcement officer of the agency.
- (5) PEER SUPPORT COUNSELING SESSION.— The term "peer support counseling session" means any counseling formally provided through a peer support counseling program between a peer support specialist and 1 or more law enforcement officers.
- (6) PEER SUPPORT PARTICIPANT.—The term "peer support participant" means a law enforcement officer who receives counseling services from a peer support specialist.
- (7) PEER SUPPORT SPECIALIST.—The term "peer support specialist" means a law enforcement officer who—
 - (A) has received training in-
 - (i) peer support counseling; and
- (ii) providing emotional and moral support to law enforcement officers who have been involved in or exposed to an emotionally traumatic experience in the course of employment; and
- (B) is designated by a law enforcement agency to provide the services described in subparagraph (A).
- (b) PROHIBITION.—Except as provided in subsection (c), a peer support specialist or a peer support participant may not disclose the contents of a peer support communication to an individual who was not a party to the peer support communication.
- (c) EXCEPTIONS.—Subsection (b) shall not apply to a peer support communication if—
- (1) the peer support communication contains—
- (A) an explicit threat of suicide by an individual in which the individual—
- (i) shares-
- (I) an intent to die by suicide; and
- (II) a plan for a suicide attempt or the means by which the individual plans to carry out a suicide attempt; and
- (ii) does not solely share that the individual is experiencing suicidal thoughts;
- (B) an explicit threat by an individual of imminent and serious physical bodily harm or death to another individual;
 - (C) information-
 - (i) relating to the abuse or neglect of—
 - (I) a child; or
 - (II) an older or vulnerable individual; or
- (ii) that is required by law to be reported; or
 - (D) an admission of criminal conduct;
- (2) the disclosure is permitted by each peer support participant who was a party to, as applicable—
 - (A) the peer support communication;
- (B) the peer support counseling session out of which the peer support communication arose:
- (C) the peer support counseling session of which the peer support communication is a record; or
- (D) the communication made in the course of a peer support counseling session that the peer support communication is regarding;

- (3) a court of competent jurisdiction issues an order or subpoena requiring the disclosure of the peer support communication; or
- (4) the peer support communication contains information that is required by law to be disclosed.
 (d) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in
- (d) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in subsection (b) shall be construed to prohibit the disclosure of—
- (1) an observation made by a law enforcement officer of a peer support participant outside of a peer support counseling session; or
- (2) knowledge of a law enforcement officer about a peer support participant not gained from a peer support communication.
- (e) DISCLOSURE OF RIGHTS.—Before the initial peer support counseling session of a peer support participant, a peer support specialist shall inform the peer support participant in writing of the confidentiality requirement under subsection (b) and the exceptions to the requirement under subsection (c).

SEC. 3. BEST PRACTICES AND SUPPORT.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) FIRST RESPONDER.—The term "first responder" has the meaning given the term "public safety officer" in section 1204 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10284).
- (2) FIRST RESPONDER AGENCY.—The term "first responder agency" means a Federal, State, local, or Tribal agency that employs or otherwise engages the services of a first responder.
- (3) PEER SUPPORT COUNSELING PROGRAM.—The term "peer support counseling program" means a program provided by a first responder agency that provides counseling services from a peer support specialist to a first responder of the first responder agency.
- (4) PEER SUPPORT PARTICIPANT.—The term "peer support participant" means a first responder who receives counseling services from a peer support specialist.
- (5) PEER SUPPORT SPECIALIST.—The term "peer support specialist" means a first responder who—
 - (A) has received training in—
- (i) peer support counseling; and
- (ii) providing emotional and moral support to first responders who have been involved in or exposed to an emotionally traumatic experience in the course of the duties of those first responders; and
- (B) is designated by a first responder agency to provide the services described in subparagraph (A).
- (b) REPORT ON BEST PRACTICES.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney General, in coordination with the Secretary of Health and Human Services, shall develop a report on best practices and professional standards for peer support counseling programs for first responder agencies that includes—
 - (1) advice on-
- (A) establishing and operating peer support counseling programs; and
- (B) training and certifying peer support specialists;
- (2) a code of ethics for peer support specialists;
- (3) recommendations for continuing education for peer support specialists;
- (4) advice on disclosing to first responders any confidentiality rights of peer support participants; and
 - (5) information on—
- (A) the different types of peer support counseling programs in use by first responder agencies;
- (B) any differences in peer support counseling programs offered across categories of first responders; and
- (C) the important role senior first responders play in supporting access to mental health resources.

- (c) IMPLEMENTATION.—The Attorney General shall support and encourage the implementation of peer support counseling programs in first responder agencies by—
- (1) making the report developed under subsection (b) publicly available on the website of the Department of Justice; and
- (2) providing a list of peer support specialist training programs on the website of the Department of Justice.

SEC. 4. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

It is the sense of Congress that Federal, State, local, and Tribal police officers, sheriffs, and other law enforcement officers across the United States who serve with valor, dignity, and integrity deserve the gratitude and respect of Congress.

RECOGNIZING THE DEVASTATING ATTACK ON A GIRLS' SCHOOL IN KABUL, AFGHANISTAN, ON MAY 8, 2021, AND EXPRESSING SOLI-DARITY WITH THE AFGHAN PEO-PLE

Mr. SCHUMER. Madam President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the consideration of Calendar No. 67, S. Res. 229.

The PRÉSIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report the bill by title.

The legislative clerk read as follows: A resolution (S. Res. 229) recognizing the

A resolution (S. Res. 229) recognizing the devastating attack on a girls' school in Kabul, Afghanistan, on May 8, 2021, and expressing solidarity with the Afghan people.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the resolution.

Mr. SCHUMER. Madam President, I know of no further debate on the measure.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. If there is no further debate, the question is on adoption of the resolution.

The resolution (S. Res. 229) was agreed to.

Mr. SCHUMER. Madam President, I ask unanimous consent that the preamble be agreed to and that the motions to reconsider be considered made and laid upon the table with no intervening action or debate.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The preamble was agreed to.

(The resolution, with its preamble, is printed in the RECORD of May 24, 2021, under "Submitted Resolutions.")

HELPING AMERICAN VICTIMS AF-FLICTED BY NEUROLOGICAL AT-TACKS ACT OF 2021

Mr. SCHUMER. Madam President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs be discharged from further consideration of S. 1828 and the Senate proceed to its immediate consideration.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report the bill by title.

The legislative clerk read as follows: A bill (S. 1828) to amend the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 to authorize the provision of payment to personnel of the Central Intelligence Agency who incur qualifying injuries to the brain, to authorize the provision of payment to personnel of the Department of State who incur similar injuries, and for other purposes.

There being no objection, the committee was discharged and the Senate proceeded to consider the bill.

Mr. SCHUMER. Madam President, I ask unanimous consent that the bill be considered read a third time and passed and the motion to reconsider be considered made and laid upon the table.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The bill (S. 1828) was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, was read the third time, and passed as follows:

S. 1828

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled.

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Helping American Victims Afflicted by Neurological Attacks Act of 2021" or the "HAVANA Act of 2021".

SEC. 2. AUTHORITY TO PAY PERSONNEL OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY FOR CERTAIN INJURIES TO THE BRAIN.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" mean—
- (A) the congressional intelligence committees (as that term is defined in section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003));
- (B) the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and
- (C) the Committee on Homeland Security and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.
- (2) COVERED DEPENDENT.—The term "covered dependent" has the meaning given such term in subsection (d)(1) of section 19 of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (50 U.S.C. 3519), as added by subsection (b).
- (3) COVERED EMPLOYEE.—The term "covered employee" has the meaning given such term in section 19A(a) of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (50 U.S.C. 3519b(a)).
- (4) COVERED INDIVIDUAL.—The term "covered individual" has the meaning given such term in section 19A(a) of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (50 U.S.C. 3519b(a)).
- (5) QUALIFYING INJURY.—The term "qualifying injury" has the meaning given such term in subsection (d)(1) of section 19 of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (50 U.S.C. 3519), as added by subsection (b).
- (b) PAYMENT AUTHORIZED.—Section 19A of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (50 U.S.C. 3519b) is amended by adding at the end the following:

 "(d) AUTHORITY TO MAKE PAYMENTS FOR
- "(d) AUTHORITY TO MAKE PAYMENTS FOR QUALIFYING INJURIES TO THE BRAIN.—
 - "(1) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:
- "(A) COVERED DEPENDENT.—The term 'covered dependent' has the meaning given such term in subsection (a), except that the assigned duty station need not be in a foreign country.
- "(B) QUALIFYING INJURY.—The term 'qualifying injury' has the meaning given such term in subsection (a), except that the assigned duty station need not be in a foreign country.
- "(2) AUTHORITY.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law but subject to paragraph (3), the Director may provide payment to a covered dependent, a covered employee, and a covered individual for a qualifying injury to the brain.
 - "(3) LIMITATIONS.—
- "(A) APPROPRIATIONS REQUIRED.—Payment under paragraph (2) in a fiscal year may only